

## Linking Maternal and Child Health Data to Create a Comprehensive Longitudinal Dataset: The Florida Experience

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### Specific Aims

1. To create an **expanded clinically enhanced maternal-infant dataset** for the State of Florida by augmenting the current statewide hospitalization data files through linkages to other data sources.
2. To **validate** the created dataset in Specific Aim 1 through a rigorous process that will establish confidence in the use of the dataset.
3. To demonstrate the utility of the newly created, enriched dataset in conducting comparative effectiveness analysis using early term elective delivery as a case study.



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### Data Sources

#### FDOH (Office of Vital Statistics) Data

Live Birth Data	Mortality (Infant and Mom) Data	Fetal Death Data
1998-2009	1998-2009	1998-2009

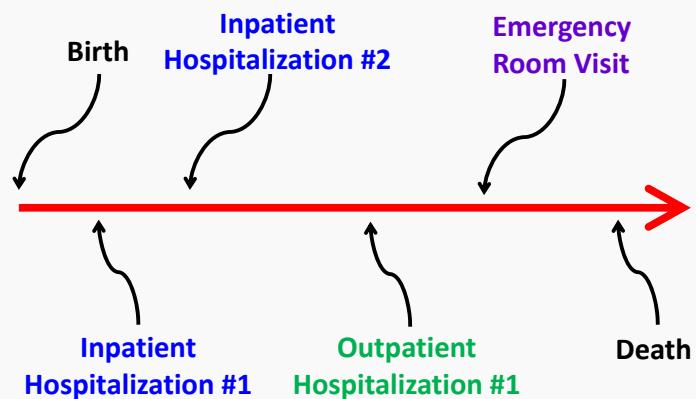
#### Agency for Health Care Administration Data

Inpatient Hospitalization Data	Outpatient/Ambulatory Hospitalization Data	Emergency Department Data	Hospital Financial Data
1998-2009	1998-2009	2005-2009	1998-2009



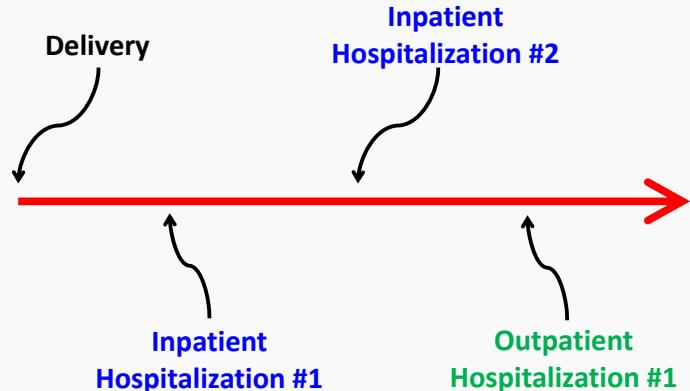
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### "Follow" Infants Over Time Through Linkage



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### "Follow" Moms Over Time Through Linkage



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### Special Challenges to Our Data Linkage

- **Birth vital records** contain a significant amount of identifying information
- **Hospital records** (inpatient, ambulatory, ED) for the infant contain limited identifying information
  - ✓ No infant SSN, name, address
  - ✓ Primary identifier is mother's SSN (INFANTLINK), but it is missing >10% and disproportionately among certain subgroups
  - ✓ Previous investigation reveal that maternal SSN has a typo or transposition in over 1,000 instances (**ASSUME** identifiers have errors)
  - ✓ Missing mother's date of birth, a key linking and/or confirmatory variable



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## Our Approach to Linking AHCA to VS

### ■ Stage I

- ✓ Within the inpatient hospital discharge data, we first attempt to link infants to their mothers (so called **dyad** links) with the primary goal of obtaining **maternal DOB**, an important linking variable (**FIND** other identifying information)

### ■ Stage II

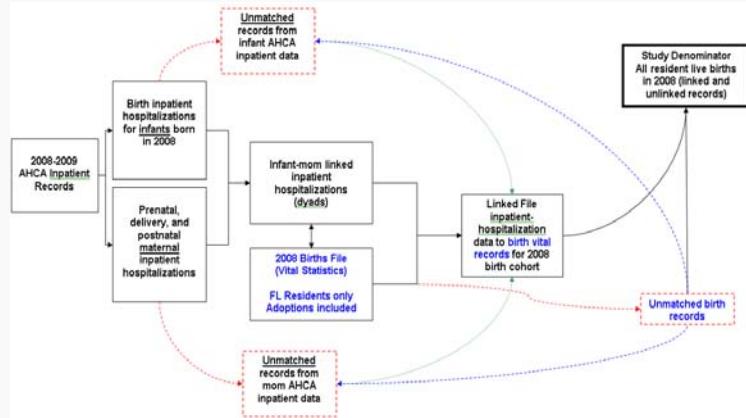
- ✓ Link these dyad pairs to birth vital records, now incorporating infant's and mom's DOB, mom's SSN, and facility of birth as the primary linking variables

### ■ Stage III

- ✓ Attempt to link infant and mom hospitalizations that did not link to a maternal record from Stage #1 directly to the birth record

## Example of Overarching Linkage Approach

### Live birth records to inpatient birth hospitalizations in 2008



## Software To Facilitate Data Linkage

- LinkSolv
- AutoMatch
- LinkageWiz
- FRIL
- LinkPlus
- Link King
- SQL Match
- FEBRL
- SQL Server (SSIS)
- **SAS**, SPSS, Stata, S-Plus, R
- ...many more!



## SQL Match

### Set up data linkage

### Linkage Results

### Manual Review

## Freely Extensible Biomedical Record Linkage

### Set up data linkage

### Linkage Results

### Manual Review and Summary

## Link Plus

### Set up data linkage

### Linkage Results

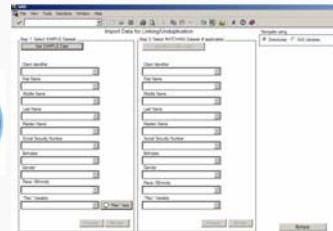
### Manual Review and Summary

## Link King

### Set up data linkage



### Select Variables

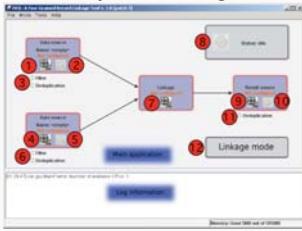


### Manual Review

The screenshot shows a "Manual Review" interface. It displays a grid of records with columns for "Record ID", "First Name", "Last Name", "SSN", "DOB", "Race", "Ethnicity", and "Status". The "Status" column contains icons: green for "Included", red for "Excluded", and yellow for "Pending Review". A legend at the bottom defines these colors.

## Fine-Grained Record Linkage (FRIL)

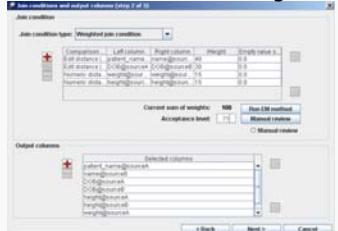
### Set up data linkage



### Join Method (Blocking, SNM)

The screenshot shows the "Join Method (Blocking, SNM)" configuration window. It includes sections for "Join method type: Started neighborhood method", "Window size: First 200", and "Join conditions: First\_name => First\_name". Below these are "Matched" and "Unmatched" sections with various parameters. A "Join Method (Blocking, SNM)" window is also visible above.

### Select Variables and Weights



### Manual Review

The screenshot shows a "Manual Review" interface. It displays a grid of records with columns for "Record ID", "First Name", "Last Name", and "Status". A summary bar at the bottom indicates "2000000 links reviewed" and "2000000 links accepted". A "Summary" window is open in the background.

## But our choice...SAS

```
proc summary of=monobirth and infant;
  by year;
  var admission;
run;

data flagM0;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM0_yrb=year;
run;

data flagM1;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM1_yrb=year;
run;

data flagM2;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM2_dob=substr(dob,8);
run;

data flagM3;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM3_dx1=dx1;
run;

data flagM4;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM4_dx2=dx2;
run;

data flagM5;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM5_dx3=dx3;
run;

data flagM6;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM6_dx4=dx4;
run;

data flagM7;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM7_dx5=dx5;
run;

data flagM8;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM8_dx6=dx6;
run;

data flagM9;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM9_dx7=dx7;
run;

data flagM10;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM10_dx8=dx8;
run;

data flagM11;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM11_dx9=dx9;
run;

data flagM12;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM12_dx10=dx10;
run;

data flagM13;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM13_dx11=dx11;
run;

data flagM14;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM14_dx12=dx12;
run;

data flagM15;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM15_dx13=dx13;
run;

data flagM16;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM16_dx14=dx14;
run;

data flagM17;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM17_dx15=dx15;
run;

data flagM18;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM18_dx16=dx16;
run;

data flagM19;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM19_dx17=dx17;
run;

data flagM20;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM20_dx18=dx18;
run;

data flagM21;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM21_dx19=dx19;
run;

data flagM22;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM22_dx20=dx20;
run;

data flagM23;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM23_dx21=dx21;
run;

data flagM24;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM24_dx22=dx22;
run;

data flagM25;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM25_dx23=dx23;
run;

data flagM26;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM26_dx24=dx24;
run;

data flagM27;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM27_dx25=dx25;
run;

data flagM28;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM28_dx26=dx26;
run;

data flagM29;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM29_dx27=dx27;
run;

data flagM30;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM30_dx28=dx28;
run;

data flagM31;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM31_dx29=dx29;
run;

data flagM32;
  set monobirth;
  if admission=1 then flagM32_dx30=dx30;
run;
```

## Linking Mechanics

- Developed a SAS macro
- **Hierarchical, stepwise** series of linking stages, using various combinations of variables, proceeding from highest to lowest confidence
  - ✓ Exact and partial matching, **linking with replacement**
  - ✓ Primarily **deterministic**, includes **probabilistic** elements
  - ✓ **CREATE**s potential matches
- Coding algorithm to calculate a “linking confidence” score to **GRADE** matches
  - ✓ Also incorporate a “delivery confidence” score
- Records above a certain score are **SELECTED** as links, borderline scores require **manual validation**
  - ✓ May find false + we need to **CORRECT**
  - ✓ We try to minimize manual review



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## Linking Mechanics

- We do not use **blocking**
  - ✓ Too concerned about flawed data
  - ✓ Linking approximately 230,000 birth hospitalization records to approximately 1.4 million “women” records using the merging macro takes approximately 1 hour
    - Will sacrifice extra time for greater sensitivity
- **SAS**
  - ✓ Not as automated or “point-and-click” as other software
  - ✓ Extremely **customizable** through coding
  - ✓ Easy to incorporate a large number of variables (Link King)
  - ✓ Easy to allow “**crossover**” links
    - Mom’s SSN in AHCA links to father’s SSN in vital stats
  - ✓ Can process extremely large datasets quickly given powerful computers



```
LINK STAGE 57
* MERGE CLAUSE >>> (SSN_M=INFANTLINK_1) AND (FLAG_MODELIV_N)
* GLOBAL CONDITION >>> 1
* Number of records linked in this stage (prior to unduplication) >>> 202,574
* Number of NEW records linked in this stage >>> 3,204
* Number of records linked OVERALL (unduplicated) >>> 237,816

WARNING: Data too long for column "LinkStage" truncated to 120 characters to fit.

SUMMARY OF LINKAGE OF M01, L01 AND I01 LINK
-----+
-----+-----+
-----+-----+
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-----+-----+
```



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## Additional Challenges

- **Disentangling multiples** (twins, triplets, etc)
  - ✓ No infant SSN, no names in hospital data
  - ✓ Multiples will share all mom characteristics
  - ✓ Ordering of variables in AHCA does not match birth order
  - ✓ Can use **sex** to differentiate between opposite-sex dizygotic twins
  - ✓ Can use diagnosis codes that reflect 500 gram **birth weight categories** to disentangle same sex multiples that may differ in birth weight
  - ✓ For multiples that have the same sex, similar birth weights, it may be impossible to determine, given the available data, which hospital record goes with which birth record
    - Investigating other options
      - Random assignment
      - Allocation to “family” as unit



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## Next Steps

- Finalize enhancements to linkage of birth record to birth hospitalizations
- Link in **post-birth hospitalizations**, ambulatory records, and ED data
  - ✓ Challenging for those with missing/incorrect maternal SSN
- Develop an identifier crosswalk to link in **cost-to-charge ratios (CCRs)** from CMS to convert hospital charges to costs



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